

**RARE MAMMALS OF SOUTH AFRICA WILDLIFE SAFARI
10-DAY TOUR**

**Durban – Zululand – Maloti Mountains – Kimberley – New
Hanover – Beaufort West – George**

BIRDING AND WILDLIFE SAFARI

**1 January – 31 December 2022
10 Days, 9 Nights**

TRIP GUIDE



RARE MAMMALS OF SOUTH AFRICA WILDLIFE SAFARI – 10 DAYS

Durban – Zululand – Maloti Mountains – Kimberley – New Hanover – Beaufort West – George

This guided rare mammal safari tour package with Sustain will lead you to some extraordinary destinations within South Africa, including 6 unique reserves renowned for amazing rare and shy mammal sightings. The tour will focus on optimizing your guests' chances of encounters with these highly sought-after animals, as well as many other species of game, rare and endemic birds and all other manner of biodiversity.

Destinations and Target Mammal Species

- **Manyoni Private Game Reserve** – Temminck's Ground Pangolin, Honey Badger, Serval, African Wild Dog, Brown Hyena, Black Rhino, White Rhino, Suni, Cape Porcupine, Four-toed Elephant Shrew (Sengi), Side-striped Jackal, Cheetah, Leopard, White-tailed Mongoose, Rusty-spotted Genet, Thick-tailed Bushbaby, Red Duiker.
- **Golden Gate Highlands National Park** – Oribi, Cape Clawless Otter, Serval, Suricate, Black Wildebeest, Mountain Reedbuck, Grey Rhebok.
- **Marrick Safari** – Black-footed Cat, Aardvark, Aardwolf, Cape Fox, Caracal, Bat-eared Fox, Brown Hyena, Eastern Rock Elephant Shrew (Sengi), Suricate, African Wild Cat, Bontebok, Roan, Sable Smith's Red Rock Rabbit.
- **Mokala National Park** – Black-footed Cat, Aardvark, Aardwolf, Brown Hyena, Cape Fox, Caracal, Bat-eared Fox, African Wild Cat, Suricate, South African Hedgehog, Bontebok, White Rhino, Black Rhino, Oryx, Roan, Sable, Eland, Tsessebe, Black Wildebeest, Cape Hare.
- **Khoisan Karoo Conservancy** – Aardvark, Aardwolf, African Wild Cat, Suricate, Bat-eared Fox, Cape Porcupine, South African Hedgehog, Cape Hare.
- **Karoo National Park** – Cape Mountain Zebra, Bontebok, Striped Polecat, Caracal, Suricate, Hewitt's Red Rock Rabbit, Brown Hyena, Cape Fox, Eland.

Many other more common mammals are also very possible along the journey, including: Lion, Elephant, Cape Buffalo, South African Giraffe, Spotted Hyena, Black-backed Jackal, Tsessebe, Red Hartebeest, Blesbok, Greater Kudu, Nyala, Blue Wildebeest, Common Reedbuck, Springbok, Waterbuck, Steenbok, Common Duiker, Impala, Chacma Baboon, Warthog, Bushpig, Lesser Bushbaby, African Civet, Springhare, Cape Genet, White-tailed Mongoose, Water Mongoose, Cape Grey Mongoose, Large Grey Mongoose, Banded Mongoose, Yellow Mongoose, Meller's Mongoose, Slender Mongoose, Dwarf Mongoose, Vervet Monkey, South African Ground Squirrel, Tree Squirrel, Rock Hyrax, and various bat, mice, gerbil and rat species.

Furthermore, a bird list in excess of 270 species (including many raptors, owls and endemics) can be expected for the trip, as well as many tremendous butterfly, reptile, and amphibian and insect species. Our tour will showcase the very best mammals, a diverse array of bird species and other biodiversity, and will also provide great photographic opportunities.

Optional Extension

An optional tour extension is available to also include:

- **Kruger National Park** for 3 nights to increase the chances of seeing – Lichtenstein's Hartebeest, Honey Badger, African Wild Dog, African Wild Cat, Aardvark, Black Rhino, Leopard, and others.

1. TOUR SUMMARY

Date:	At a date to be confirmed between 01 January 2022 to 31 December 2022.
Duration:	10 days, 9 nights.
No. of Pax:	Maximum 6 guests per vehicle and per guide.
Person Price Per:	ZAR 47,750.00 per person, with a ZAR 8,750.00 single supplement. Price may be subject to change based on factors beyond our control. Should the group size change, the per person cost will change and a single supplement may apply.
Total Start:	Tour starts at King Shaka International Airport in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal.
Total Ends:	Tour ends at George Airport in George, Western Cape (guests to fly to either Cape Town or Johannesburg).
Distance:	Total driving distance (including around sites) = About 2,495km.

Includes:

- Private wildlife and birding guide;
- Accommodation (may change subject to availability, in which case similar will be found);
- All ground transport – Maximum 6 participants and 1 guide per Mercedes Benz Vito luxury touring vehicle;
- 8 x Guided open safari vehicle drives – 2 x Manyoni, 2 x Marrick, 2 x Khoisan Karoo, 2 x Karoo NP;
- 1 x Temminck's Ground Pangolin monitoring night tour – 1 x Manyoni;
- 1 x Eastern Rock Elephant Shrew (Sengi) morning tour – 1 x Marrick;
- All road tolls and parking fees;
- Meals – Dinner and breakfast each day;
- Bottled water in vehicles whilst travelling – 2 per person per day;
- All entrance fees;
- Conservation levies;
- Community levies;
- Trip guide;
- Personalized species checklists.

Excludes:

- All airfares;
- Travel and medical insurance;
- All lunches, snacks and drinks (except bottled waters);
- Additional excursions/activities/extensions/purchases;
- Gratuities for guides and local restaurants;
- Items of a personal nature.

Note:

- Minimum of 4 participants per vehicle required to undertake the trip. If fewer, price will be slightly more;
- Tour starts at King Shaka International Airport in Durban, KwaZulu-Natal, and ends at George Airport in George, Western Cape;
- This itinerary is subject to change due to weather conditions at the time and other factors beyond our control;
- The species mentioned in the itinerary represent only some of those we may possibly view on the tour, however, none of these can be guaranteed even though every effort will be made where possible to locate them. A full list of possible species appears on your checklist, although vagrants and rarities may also surprise us.

2. TRAVEL REGIONS AND TARGET SPECIES

All ground transport travel by the group will be in a Mercedes Benz Vito vehicle, and open safari viewers will be used in select game viewing destinations.



General tour travel vehicle



Open safari vehicle for certain game drives



Open safari vehicle for certain game drives



Open safari vehicle for Marrick game drives

Days 1 and 2: Manyoni Private Game Reserve in KwaZulu-Natal – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- Temminck's Ground Pangolin monitoring with the African Pangolin Working Group x1;
- Night game drives in open safari vehicles x1;
- Morning game drive in open safari vehicle x1.

About:

Manyoni Private Game Reserve is a large 23,000-hectare privately-owned reserves in KwaZulu-Natal. It lies in the heart of Zululand, an area that is world renowned for its spectacular game viewing, rich cultural traditions, and conservation history. Initially formed as part of the WWF black rhino range expansion project, Manyoni has become one of the premier big five safari destinations in KwaZulu-Natal with a strong focus on endangered species conservation, including the reintroduction of cheetah and wild dogs, as well as conserving overall biodiversity.

Target Mammals:

Temminck's Ground Pangolin, Serval, Cheetah, Honey Badger, Serval, African Wild Dog, Spotted Hyena, Brown Hyena, Black Rhino, White Rhino, Suni, Leopard, Lion, African Elephant, Cape Buffalo, Cape

Porcupine, Four-toed Elephant Shrew (Sengi), Side-striped Jackal, Cheetah, Leopard, White-tailed Mongoose, Rusty-spotted Genet, Thick-tailed Bushbaby, Red Duiker.

Target Birds:

Secretarybird, Southern Ground-Hornbill, Common Ostrich, White-backed Vulture, Lappet-faced Vulture, Hooded Vulture, White-headed Vulture, African Crowned Eagle, Martial Eagle, Bateleur, African Hawk Eagle, Long-crested Eagle, Black-breasted Snake Eagle, Lesser Spotted Eagle, African Cuckoo Hawk, African Harrier-Hawk, Lizard Buzzard, Gabar Goshawk, Dark Chanting Goshawk, Little Sparrowhawk, Black Sparrowhawk, Shikra, Eurasian Hobby, Western Osprey, European Honey Buzzard, Southern Banded Snake Eagle, Verreaux's Eagle Owl, African Scops Owl, Marsh Owl, Southern White-faced Owl, African Grass Owl, Pearl-spotted Owlet, African Banded Owl, Pink-throated Twinspot, Neergaard's Sunbird, African Broadbill, Eastern Bearded Scrub-Robin, African Green Pigeon, Red-fronted Tinkerbird, Grey Go-away-bird, Black-bellied Starling, Scaly-throated Honeyguide, Lesser Honeyguide, Narina Trogon, Broad-billed Roller, Woodland Kingfisher, African Pygmy Kingfisher, Grey-headed Kingfisher, Yellow-bellied Greenbul, Terrestrial Brownbul, Red-faced Cisticola, White-browed Robin-Chat, Grey Sunbird, Purple-banded Sunbird, Dark-backed Weaver, Green Twinspot, Grey Waxbill, Acacia Pied Barbet, Greater Honeyguide, Brown-backed Honeybird, Striped Kingfisher, Bearded Woodpecker, White-crested Helmetshrike, Grey-headed Bushshrike, Brubru, Black Cuckooshrike, Lesser Grey Shrike, Grey Penduline Tit, Dusky Lark, Long-billed Crombec, Icterine Warbler, Willow Warbler, Stierling's Wren-Warbler, Burnt-necked Eremomela, Groundscraper Thrush, Kurrichane Thrush, Grey Tit Flycatcher, Yellow-throated Petronia, Bushveld Pipit, Bronze-winged Courser, Black-bellied Bustard, Common Buttonquail, Senegal Lapwing, Temminck's Courser, Shelley's Francolin, Black Coucal, Corn Crake, Flappet Lark, Croaking Cisticola, Plain-backed Pipit, Orange-breasted Waxbill, African Quailfinch.

Rarities include: Hooded Vulture, Dark Chanting Goshawk, Ovambo Sparrowhawk, Bennett's Woodpecker, Monotonous Lark, Dusky Lark, Red-headed Weaver, Eurasian Golden Oriole, Steppe Eagle, Ayres' Hawk Eagle.



Day 3: Golden Gate Highlands National Park, Free State – 1 night

Planned Activities:

- Morning drive and visit to the Vulture Hide.

About:

Golden Gate Highlands National Park, lies nestled in the rolling foothills of the Maluti Mountains of the north-eastern Free State province. This is true highlands habitat, with the park deriving its name from the brilliant shades of gold cast by the sun on the park's sandstone cliffs, especially the imposing Brandwag rock.

Clarens is the quaint and very interesting town nearby the park.

Target Mammals:

Black Wildebeest, Oribi, Common Eland, Grey Rhebok, Mountain Reedbuck, Cape Porcupine, Serval, Black-backed Jackal, Chacma Baboon, Rock Hyrax, Blesbok, Springbok, Aardvark, Burchell's Zebra, Red Hartebeest, Cape Clawless Otter, Suricate, Cape Genet, Cape Grey Mongoose, Yellow Mongoose.

Target Birds:

Bearded Vulture, Grey-winged Francolin, Cape Vulture, Cape Eagle Owl, Southern Bald Ibis, Verreaux's Eagle, Rufous-chested Sparrowhawk, Alpine Swift, Ground Woodpecker, Blue Crane, Blue Korhaan, Rock Kestrel, Lesser Kestrel, Black Harrier, Pallid Harrier, Cape Grassbird, Rudd's Lark, Botha's Lark, Bokmakierie, Cape Longclaw, Yellow-breasted Pipit, African Rock Pipit, Nicholson's Pipit, Olive Woodpecker, Cape Rock-Thrush, Sentinel Rock-Thrush, Mountain Wheatear, Bush Blackcap, Barratt's Warbler, Wattled Starling, Gurney's Sugarbird, Malachite Sunbird, Cape Weaver, Maccoa Duck, Southern Pochard, Wailing Cisticola, Red-collared Widowbird, Amu Falcon, Eastern Clapper Lark, Spike-heeled Lark, Eastern Long-billed Lark, Red-capped Lark, Black-chested Prinia, Greater Double-collared Sunbird and Cape Bunting.

Viewing Hides:

Vulture Hide.

Days 4 and 5: Marrick Safari and Mokala National Park, Northern Cape – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- Night game drives in open safari vehicles x2;
- Day visit to Mokala National Park;
- Morning Karoo Elephant Shrew outing.

About:

Marrick Safari is located in the Northern Cape Province of South Africa, approximately 12km out of the famous diamond mining town of Kimberley. Nestled in 3000 hectares of unspoilt savannah thorn veld, this family-run business offers a vast expanse of space and silence providing endless opportunities to enjoy nature. The property sustains a range of ecosystems, from African savannah to rocky hillsides to thicker thorny bushveld and an ephemeral wetland.

Mokala National Park is a new 26,485 hectare reserve situated approximately 80 km south-southwest of Kimberley. Nestled in the hills, Mokala's landscape boasts a variety of koppieveld (hills) and large open plains. The isolated dolerite hills give the place a calming feeling of seclusion. A big surprise awaits when you pass through the hills and are confronted by the large open sandy plains towards the north and west of the Park. Drainage lines from the hills form little tributaries that run into the plains and drain into the Riet River.

The eastern parts of the Northern Cape province fall in a summer rainfall area, where thunderstorms and lightning are prominent in the summer months. The weather is typical of desert and semi desert areas. It is a large dry region of fluctuating temperatures and varying topographies. The annual rainfall is sparse, only 50 to 400mm per annum. In mid-summer, afternoon temperatures usually range from 34 to 40° C. Winter days are warm. The onset of night bringing dew and frost to supplement the low rainfall of the region. The Karoo is home to some of the coldest towns in South Africa, where the average minimum in winter can reach -6° C, and

snow can sometimes blanket the surrounding mountains. On the whole one can expect to enjoy hot summer days and chilly nights when visiting.

Target Mammals:

Aardvark, Black-footed Cat, Aardwolf, Suricate, South African Hedgehog, Cape Fox, Bat-eared Fox, Cape Porcupine, African Wild Cat, Striped Polecat, White Rhino, Black Rhino, Oryx, Roan, Sable, Eland, Tsessebe, Black Wildebeest, Smith's Red Rock Hare, Cape Hare, Eastern Rock Elephant Shrew (Sengi), Springhare, Large-eared Mouse, South African Ground Squirrel, Yellow Mongoose, Bontebok, Blesbok, Red Hartebeest, Bontebok, Mountain Reedbuck, Springbok, Cape Buffalo, Waterbuck, Steenbok, Burchell's Zebra.

Target Birds:

Double-banded Courser, Pygmy Falcon, Blue Crane, Greater Flamingo, Lesser Flamingo, Kori Bustard, Namaqua Sandgrouse, Crimson-breasted Shrike, South African Shelduck, Bradfield's Swift, Alpine Swift, Prit Batis, Fairy Flycatcher, Northern Black Korhaan, Blue Korhaan, Black Harrier, Eastern Clapper Lark, Grey-backed Sparrowlark, Chat Flycatcher, Sociable Weaver, Black-faced Waxbill, Violet-eared Waxbill, Western Barn Owl, Spotted Eagle Owl.





Days 6 and 7: Khoisan Karoo Conservancy, Northern Cape – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- Night game drives in open safari vehicles x2;
- Day tour of the reserve.

About:

KhoiSan Karoo Conservancy includes the Karoo Gariep Nature Reserve and the Hanover Aardvark Nature Reserve, spanning over 8,000 hectares of the Nama Karoo biome. The conservancy was founded in 2005 by P.C. Ferreira. It is home to the only hippos in the Karoo, where they have been reintroduced, as well as white rhinoceros. Stargazing is a part of life out here, as the skies are very clear and starry bright.

The area is about 1,380m above sea level. The climate here is referred to as a local steppe climate, and there is little rainfall throughout the year. About 434 mm of precipitation falls annually. The least amount of precipitation occurs in July, where the average is 12 mm. With an average of 66 mm, the most precipitation falls in January. The temperature here averages 16.3 °C, with the highest temperatures on average in January, at around 23.0 °C, with peaks at 30 °C. July has the lowest average temperature of the year at 8.2 °C, with extreme lows at -5C.

Target Mammals:

Aardvark, Aardwolf, Black-footed Cat, Cape Porcupine, Bat-eared Fox, South African Hedgehog, Springhare, Cape Fox, African Wild Cat, Striped Polecat, African Striped Weasel, Hippopotamus, Cape Genet, Cape Hare.





Target Birds:

Blue Korhaan, Rufous-eared Warbler, Namaqua Warbler, Karoo Korhaan, Greater Kestrel, Grey-winged Francolin, Large-billed Lark, Buffy Pipit, Kori Bustard, African Rock Pipit, Layard's Tit-Babbler, Spike-heeled Lark, Eastern Clapper Lark, Black-eared Sparrow-Lark, Northern Black Korhaan, Spotted Thickknee, Karoo Scrub-Robin, White-throated Canary, Black-throated Canary, Karoo Eremomela, Lark-like Bunting.

Days 8 and 9: Karoo National Park, Western Cape – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- 1x Night game drive in open safari vehicle;
- Day tour of the reserve.

About:

The Karoo National Park, founded in 1979, is a wildlife reserve in the Great Karoo area of the Western Cape, South Africa near Beaufort West. This semi-desert area covers an area of 75,000 hectares. The Nuweveld portion of the Great Escarpment runs through the Park. The Park therefore straddles part of the Lower Karoo, at about 850m above sea level, and part of the Upper Karoo at over 1,300 m altitude.

The climate is a local steppe climate. There is little rainfall in the region, and the average temperature is 17.9 °C. Precipitation here is about 392 mm per year, and is the lowest in June, with an average of 15 mm. Most precipitation falls in March, with an average of 57 mm. At an average temperature of 24.0 °C, January is the hottest month of the year, while July, is the coldest, with an average temperature of 11.1 °C. Between the driest and wettest months, the difference in precipitation is mere 42 mm, while the average temperatures vary during the year by 12.9 °C.

Target Mammals:

Black Rhinoceros, Lion, Brown Hyena, Cape Mountain Zebra, Oryx, Red Hartebeest, Eland, Greater Kudu, Riverine Rabbit, Springbok, Black-footed Cat, Bat-eared Fox, Aardwolf, Aardvark, Grant's Rock Mouse, Sclater's Golden Mole, Melck's Serotine Bat, Lesueur's Hairy Bat and Spectacled Dormouse.



Target Birds:

Verreaux's Eagle, Booted Eagle, Lesser Kestrel, Greater Kestrel, Blue Crane, Martial Eagle, Black Harrier, Secretarybird, Kori Bustard, Ludwig's Bustard, Lanner Falcon, Greater Flamingo, Lesser Flamingo, Black Stork, Karoo Korhaan, South African Shelduck, Cape Shoveler, African Rock Pipit, Pale-winged Starling, Ground Woodpecker, Sickle-winged Chat, Karoo Long-billed Lark, Pale Chanting Goshawk, Pirit Batis, Fairy Flycatcher, Cape Penduline-Tit, Dusky Sunbird, White-throated Canary, Tractrac Chat, Karoo Chat, Karoo Eremomela, Rufous-eared Warbler, Namaqua Warbler, Grey Tit, Lark-like Bunting, Sclater's Lark, Spike-heeled Lark, Karoo Lark, Grey-backed Sparrow-lark, African Rock Pipit, Karoo Long-billed Lark, Karoo Chat, Namaqua Warbler, Pale-winged Starling, Black-headed Canary, Layard's Tit-Babbler, Black-eared Sparrow-lark, Tractrac Chat, Sickle-winged Chat, Karoo Eremomela and Cinnamon-breasted Warbler.

Viewing Hides:

Camp Hide.

Day 10: To George, Western Cape

On our last tour day, we pack up and drive through the park to the exit, and then return to the town of George for an internal flight out of George Airport to either Cape Town (or Cape Town International Airport or Johannesburg (or OR Tambo International Airport). Alternatively, an add-on extension tour by road through the famed Garden Route to Cape Town is an option.

NB Please Note: The cost of these flights, or the extension trip to Cape Town have not been included, and would be an added cost for each guest.

3. POSSIBLE TOUR EXTENSION

The following extension could either be added at the either the beginning or the end of the tour.

4 Days: Kruger National Park – Lower Sabie Rest Camp & Satara Rest Camp

Lower Sabie Rest Camp – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- 1x Night game drive in open safari vehicle;
- Day tour of the reserve.

About the Southern Region of the Park:

The southern region of the Kruger is defined by the shapes of smooth granite koppies, rare trees like the Cape chestnut, coral and fever-berry, and the prevalence of White Rhino. It is also bordered by the Crocodile River in the south and the Sabie River in the north, both perennial water systems. In the east, along the border with Mozambique, the Lebombo Mountain range forms a rugged ridge of rhyolite. Altitude varies from 140 metres in the east to 600 metres around Pretoriuskop in the west. In the southwestern corner is the highest point in the Park, rising to 839 metres.

This region of the park averages about 275m above sea level. The climate is referred to as a local steppe climate. There is not much rainfall in the region all year long. The average annual temperature is 22.5 °C, and precipitation here is about 540 mm per year. The least amount of rainfall occurs in June. The average in this month is 5 mm. In December, the precipitation reaches its peak, with an average of 104 mm. The temperatures are highest on average in February, at around 25.4 °C. with peaks around 32 °C. At 17.9 °C on average, July is the coldest month of the year, and lows can reach 8 °C.

Target Mammals:

Lion, Leopard, Cheetah, Elephant, White Rhino, Black Rhino, Cape Buffalo, African Wild Dog, African Civet, Hippopotamus, Spotted Hyena, Brown Hyena, Temminck's Ground Pangolin, Honey Badger, White-tailed Mongoose, Roan, Sable, Lichtenstein's Hartebeest, Jameson's Red Rock Hare, Eland, Tsessebe, Samango Monkey, Greater Kudu, Nyala, Bushbuck, South African Giraffe, Common Reedbuck and many more.



Target Birds:

Brown-headed Parrot, African Finfoot, African Hawk-Eagle, Martial Eagle, African Crowned Eagle, Eurasian Hobby, Bat Hawk, Bateleur, White-headed Vulture, Hooded Vulture, African Scops-Owl, Verreaux's Eagle Owl, African Cuckoo Hawk, Lesser Spotted Eagle, Red-billed Oxpecker, Saddle-billed Stork, Grey Penduline Tit, Dusky Indigobird, Village Indigobird, African Golden Oriole, European Golden Oriole, Stierling's Wren-Warbler, Chestnut-backed Sparrowlark, White-crowned Lapwing, Mosque Swallow, Eastern Nicator, Gorgeous Bush-Shrike, Corn Crake, African Crake, Lesser Moorhen. African Mourning Dove, Broad-billed Roller, Dusky Lark,

Southern Ground-Hornbill, Bennett's Woodpecker, Red-billed Helmetshrike, Double-banded Sandgrouse, Kori Bustard, Black-bellied Bustard, Dwarf Bittern, Little Bittern.

Viewing Hides:

Nthandanyathi Hide, Gardenia Hide.

Satara Rest Camp – 2 nights

Planned Activities:

- 1x Night game drive in open safari vehicle;
- Day tour of the reserve.

About the Central Region of the Park:

The Central Region is by far the most game rich of the four regions and offers some of the best scenery. Although it makes up only 30% of the park's surface area, it accounts for 40% of its total biomass. Bounded by the Sabi River in the south and the Olifants River in the north it is essentially grassland plain, interspersed with river valleys and woodland areas, stretching west to the Lebombo Mountains which form the boundary with Mozambique. In addition, due to its location it is a bit more remote and thus typically holds slightly fewer visitors.

This region of the park averages about 430m above sea level. The climate here is considered to be a local steppe climate. There is not much rainfall all year long. The average annual temperature is 22.5 °C, and the annual rainfall is 463 mm. The driest month is June, with 4 mm of rain. In January, the precipitation reaches its peak, with an average of 98 mm. December is the warmest month of the year, where temperatures average 25.7 °C and peak at 32°C. At 17.5 °C on average, July is the coldest month of the year, with the low reaching 9 °C.

Target Mammals:

Lion, Leopard, Cheetah, Elephant, White Rhino, Black Rhino, Cape Buffalo, African Wild Dog, African Civet, Hippopotamus, Spotted Hyena, Brown Hyena, Temminck's Ground Pangolin, Honey Badger, Roan, Sable, Sharpe's Grysbok, Lichtenstein's Hartebeest Jameson's Red Rock Hare, Common Eland, Tsessebe, Samango Monkey, Greater Kudu, Nyala, Bushbuck, South African Giraffe, Red Hartebeest, Common Reedbuck and many more.



Target Birds:

Montagu's Harrier, Pallid Harrier, Meyer's Parrot, Brown-headed Parrot, African Finfoot, African Hawk-Eagle, Eurasian Hobby, Kori Bustard, Bateleur, Saddle-billed Stork, African Barred Owlet, Grey Penduline Tit, Dusky Indigobird, Village Indigobird, African Golden Oriole, European Golden Oriole, Stierling's Wren-Warbler, Chestnut-backed Sparrowlark, Grey-backed Sparrowlark, Verreaux's Eagle Owl, African Cuckoo Hawk, Lesser Spotted Eagle, Montagu's Harrier, Pallid Harrier, African Scops-Owl, White-crowned Lapwing, Mosque

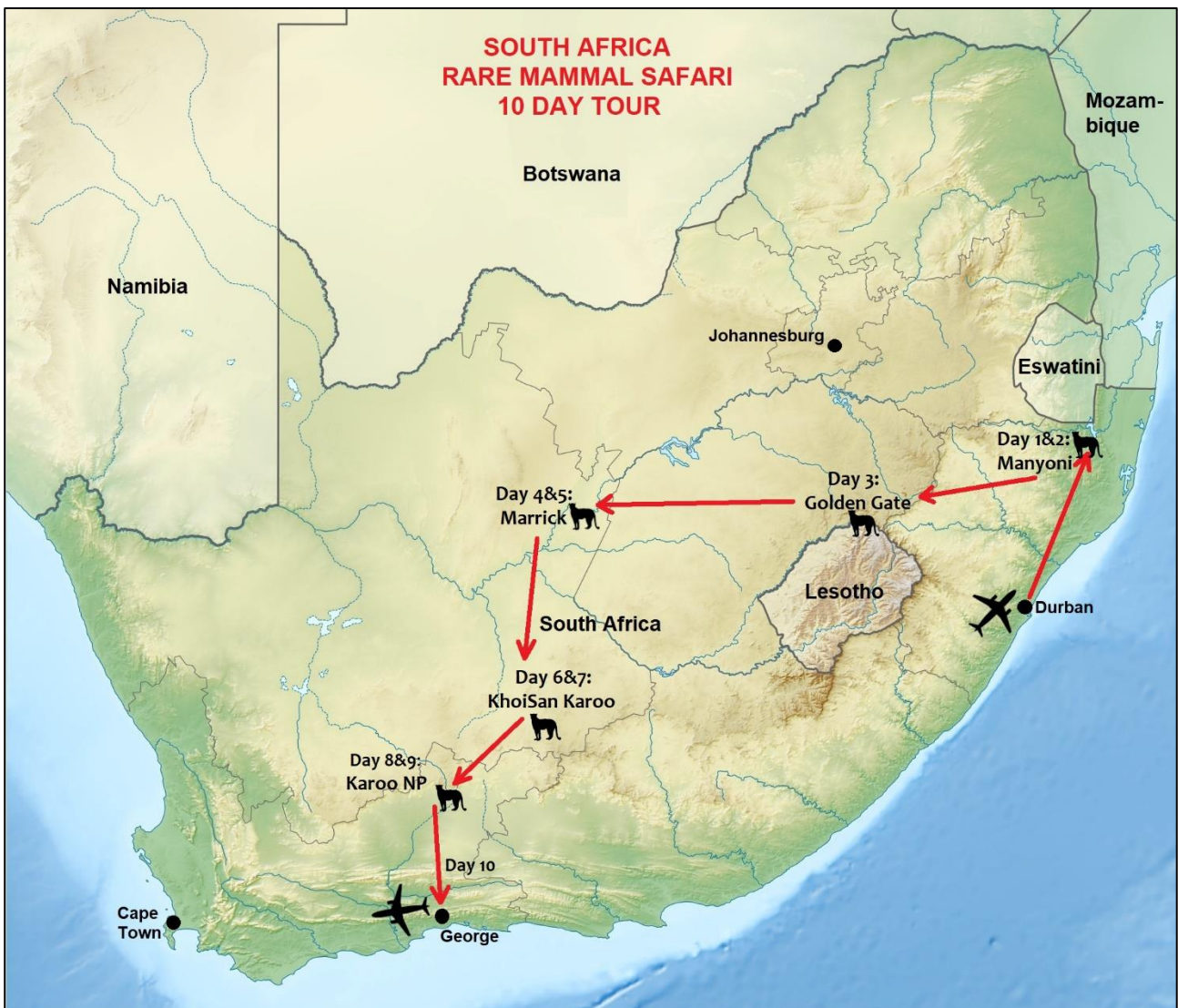
Swallow, Eastern Nicator, Gorgeous Bush-Shrike, Meves's Starling, Thick-billed Cuckoo, Corn Crane, African Crane, African Mourning Dove, Broad-billed Roller, Dusky Lark, Southern Ground-Hornbill, Crested Guinea-fowl, Bennett's Woodpecker, Crimson-breasted Shrike, Red-billed Helmetshrike, Double-banded Sandgrouse, Black-bellied Bustard, Dwarf Bittern, Little Bittern.

Rarities include: White-headed Vulture, Hooded Vulture, Bat Hawk, Yellow-billed Oxpecker.

Viewing Hides:

Sweni Hide, Ratel Pan Hide.

4. 10-DAY TOUR ROUTE & ITINERARY



Day	Date	Nearest Town	Accommodation	Reserve, Park or Town	Day Plan	Distance (kms)
1	TBA	Mkuze	African Spirit Game Lodge	Manyoni Private Game Reserve	King Shaka International Airport to Manyoni	300
2	TBA	Mkuze	African Spirit Game Lodge	Manyoni Private Game Reserve	Around Manyoni	50
3	TBA	Clarens	Golden Gate Hotel & Chalets	Golden Gate Highlands National Park	Manyoni to Golden Gate Highlands NP	465
4	TBA	Kimberley	Main Guesthouse	Marrick Safari	Golden Gate Highlands NP to Marrick	475
5	TBA	Kimberley	Main Guesthouse	Marrick Safari	Marrick to Mokala return	200
6	TBA	Hanover	New Holme Guest Farm	Khoisan Karoo Conservancy	Marrick to Khoisan Karoo	330
7	TBA	Hanover	New Holme Guest Farm	Khoisan Karoo Conservancy	Around Khoisan Karoo	50
8	TBA	Beaufort West	Main Rest Camp	Karoo National Park	Khoisan Karoo to Karoo NP	300
9	TBA	Beaufort West	Main Rest Camp	Karoo National Park	Around Karoo NP	75
10	TBA	George	None	None	Karoo NP to George Airport	250
					TOTAL KILOMETRES	2495

* Accommodation may change subject to availability, in which case similar accommodation will be found.

** Total driving distance (including around sites) = about 2,495 km.

5. TOTAL COST

The Cost for the 10-Day Tour is:

Per Person Price: ZAR 47,750.00 per person, with a ZAR 8,750.00 single supplement.

Note: The price may be subject to change based on factors beyond our control. Should the group size change, the per person cost will change and a single supplement may apply.

Terms and Conditions apply.

6. CONCLUSION

We hope the above itinerary and quote meets your expectation. Should you wish to amend anything, we will gladly tailor-make it further to your needs. Upon acceptance of the quote we will provide you with a proforma invoice.

7. ACCEPTANCE OF QUOTATION

I, _____ (ID No. _____) hereby accept this quotation on the terms provided herein.

Should you have any queries, or wish to adjust elements of the quote, please contact us and we will assist where possible.

Tour: Rare Mammal Tour – 10 Days
Validity Dates: Any time between 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021

Warm regards,



Michael Wright
Owner, Nature and Birding Guide
Sustain Wildlife and Birding Safaris





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